Aflac

Group Critical Illness Advantage

INSURANCE – PLAN INCLUDES BENEFITS FOR CANCER AND HEALTH SCREENING

We help take care of your expenses while you take care of yourself.
Aflac can help ease the financial stress of surviving a critical illness.

Chances are you may know someone who’s been diagnosed with a critical illness. You can’t help notice the difference in the person’s life—both physically and emotionally. What’s not so obvious is the impact a critical illness may have on someone’s personal finances.

That’s because while a major medical plan may pay for a good portion of the costs associated with a critical illness, there are a lot of expenses that may not be covered. And, during recovery, having to worry about out-of-pocket expenses is the last thing anyone needs.

That’s the benefit of an Aflac Group Critical Illness plan.

It can help with the treatment costs of covered critical illnesses, such as a heart attack or stroke.

More importantly, the plan helps you focus on recuperation instead of the distraction of out-of-pocket costs. With the Critical Illness plan, you receive cash benefits directly (unless otherwise assigned)—giving you the flexibility to help pay bills related to treatment or to help with everyday living expenses.

Understanding the facts can help you decide if the Aflac Group Critical Illness plan makes sense for you.

FACT NO. 1

**ESTIMATED 83.6 MILLION**

AMERICAN ADULTS—GREATER THAN 1 IN 3—HAVE ONE OR MORE TYPES OF CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE (CVD).¹

FACT NO. 2

**CORONARY HEART DISEASE COST THE UNITED STATES $108.9 BILLION**

THIS TOTAL INCLUDES THE COST OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES, MEDICATIONS AND LOST PRODUCTIVITY. ²

¹ American Heart Association/American Stroke Association 2013 Statistical Fact Sheet
² Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Heart Disease Fact Sheet 2015

Coverage underwritten by Continental American Insurance Company (CAIC)
A proud member of the Aflac family of insurers
For more than 60 years, Aflac has been dedicated to helping provide individuals and families peace of mind and financial security when they’ve needed it most. The Aflac Group Critical Illness plan is just another innovative way to help make sure you’re well protected under our wing.

But it doesn’t stop there. Having group critical illness insurance from Aflac means that you may have added financial resources to help with medical costs or ongoing living expenses.

The Aflac Group Critical Illness plan benefits include:

• Critical Illness Benefit payable for:
  – Cancer
  – Heart Attack (Myocardial Infarction)
  – Stroke
  – Kidney Failure (End-Stage Renal Failure)
  – Major Organ Transplant
  – Bone Marrow Transplant (Stem Cell Transplant)
  – Sudden Cardiac Arrest
  – Coronary Artery Bypass Surgery
  – Non-Invasive Cancer
  – Skin Cancer
• Health Screening Benefit

Features:

• Benefits are paid directly to you, unless you choose otherwise.
• Coverage is available for you, your spouse, and dependent children.
• Coverage may be continued (with certain stipulations). That means you can take it with you if you change jobs or retire.
• Fast claims payment. Most claims are processed in about four days.

How it works

Aflac Group Critical Illness Advantage coverage is selected.

You experience chest pains and numbness in the left arm.

You visit the emergency room.

A physician determines that you have had suffered a heart attack.

Aflac Group Critical Illness Advantage pays a First Occurrence Benefit of $10,000

Amount payable based on $10,000 First Occurrence Benefit.

For more information, ask your insurance agent/producer, call 1.800.433.3036, or visit aflacgroupinsurance.com.
## Covered Critical Illnesses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Illness Description</th>
<th>Coverage Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cancer (Internal or Invasive)</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heart Attack (Myocardial Infarction)</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stroke (Ischemic or Hemorrhagic)</td>
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</tr>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Initial Diagnosis
We will pay a lump sum benefit upon initial diagnosis of a covered critical illness when such diagnoses is caused by or solely attributed to an underlying disease. Cancer diagnoses are subject to the cancer diagnosis limitation. Benefits will be based on the face amount in effect on the critical illness date of diagnosis.

### Additional Diagnosis
We will pay benefits for each different critical illness after the first when the two dates of diagnoses are separated by at least 30 days. Cancer diagnoses are subject to the cancer diagnosis limitation.

### Recurrence
We will pay benefits for the same critical illness after the first when the two dates of diagnoses are separated by at least 6 consecutive months. Cancer diagnoses are subject to the cancer diagnosis limitation.

### Child Coverage at No Additional Cost
Each dependent child is covered at 50 percent of the primary insured’s benefit amount at no additional charge. Children-only coverage is not available.

### Skin Cancer Benefit
We will pay $250 for the diagnosis of skin cancer. We will pay this benefit once per calendar year.

The plan has limitations and exclusions that may affect benefits payable. This brochure is for illustrative purposes only. Refer to your certificate for complete details, definitions, limitations, and exclusions.
Covered Health Screening Tests Include:

- Blood test for triglycerides
- Bone marrow testing
- Breast ultrasound
- CA 15-3 (blood test for breast cancer)
- CA 125 (blood test for ovarian cancer)
- CEA (blood test for colon cancer)
- Chest X-ray
- Colonoscopy
- DNA stool analysis
- Fasting blood glucose test
- Flexible sigmoidoscopy

- Hemocult stool analysis
- Mammography
- Pap smear
- PSA (blood test for prostate cancer)
- Serum cholesterol test to determine levels of HDL and LDL
- Serum protein electrophoresis (blood test for myeloma)
- Spiral CT screening for lung cancer
- Stress test on a bicycle or treadmill
- Thermography

Waiver of Premium
If you become totally disabled due to a covered critical illness prior to age 65, after 90 continuous days of total disability, we will waive premiums for you and any of your covered dependents. As long as you remain totally disabled, premiums will be waived up to 24 months, subject to the terms of the plan.

Successor Insured Benefit
If spouse coverage is in force at the time of the primary insured’s death, the surviving spouse may elect to continue coverage. Coverage would continue at the existing spouse face amount and would also include any dependent child coverage in force at the time.

Health Screening Benefit (Employee and Spouse only)
We will pay $50 for health screening tests performed while an insured’s coverage is in force. We will pay this benefit once per calendar year.

This benefit is only payable for health screening tests performed as the result of preventive care, including tests and diagnostic procedures ordered in connection with routine examinations. This benefit is payable for the covered employee and spouse. This benefit is not paid for dependent children.

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CRITICAL ILLNESS ADVANTAGE INSURANCE

LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS,
TERMS YOU NEED TO KNOW, AND NOTICES
LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

**Cancer Diagnosis Limitation** Benefits are payable for cancer and/or non-invasive cancer as long as the insured:

- Is treatment-free from cancer for at least 12 months before the diagnosis date; and
- Is in complete remission prior to the date of a subsequent diagnosis, as evidenced by the absence of all clinical, radiological, biological, and biochemical proof of the presence of the cancer.

**EXCLUSIONS**

We will not pay for loss due to:

- **Self-Inflicted Injuries** – injuring or attempting to injure oneself intentionally
- **Suicide** – committing or attempting to commit suicide, while sane or insane;

- **Illegal Acts** – participating or attempting to participate in an illegal activity, or working at an illegal job:
- **Participation in Aggressive Conflict:**
  - War (declared or undeclared) or military conflicts;
  - Insurrection or riot
  - Civil commotion or civil state of belligerence
- **Illegal Substance Abuse:**
  - Abuse of legally-obtained prescription medication
  - Illegal use of non-prescription drugs

Diagnosis, treatment, testing, and confinement must be in the United States or its territories.

All benefits under the plan, including benefits for diagnoses, treatment, confinement and covered tests, are payable only while coverage is in force.

**TERMS YOU NEED TO KNOW**

Bone Marrow Transplant (Stem Cell Transplant) means a procedure to replace damaged or destroyed bone marrow with healthy bone marrow stem cells. For a benefit to be payable, a Bone Marrow Transplant (Stem Cell Transplant) must be caused by at least one of the following diseases:

- Aplastic anemia
- Congenital neutropenia
- Severe immunodeficiency syndromes
- Sickle cell anemia

The Bone Marrow Transplant (Stem Cell Transplant) benefit is not payable if the transplant results from a covered critical illness for which a benefit has been paid under this plan.

Cancer (internal or invasive) is a disease that meets either of the following definitions:

A malignant tumor characterized by:

- The uncontrolled growth and spread of malignant cells, and
- The invasion of distant tissue.

A disease meeting the diagnostic criteria of malignancy, as established by the American Board of Pathology. A pathologist must have examined and provided a report on the histocytologic architecture or pattern of the tumor, tissue, or specimen.

Cancer (internal or invasive) also includes:

- Melanoma that is Clark’s Level III or higher or Breslow depth equal to or greater than 0.77mm,
- Myelodysplastic syndrome – RCMD (refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia),
- Myelodysplastic syndrome

- CMML (chronic myelomonocytic leukemia).

The following are not considered internal or invasive cancers:

- Pre-malignant tumors or polyps
- Carcinomas in situ
- Any superficial, non-invasive skin cancers including basal cell and squamous cell carcinoma of the skin
- Melanoma in situ

Non-Invasive Cancer is a cancer that is in the natural or normal place, confined to the site of origin without having invaded neighboring tissue.

For the purposes of the plan, a Non-Invasive Cancer is:

- Internal Carcinoma in situ
- Myelodysplastic Syndrome – RA (refractory anemia)
- Myelodysplastic Syndrome – RARS (refractory anemia with ring sideroblasts)

Skin Cancer, as defined in this plan, is not payable under the Non-Invasive Cancer Benefit.

Skin Cancer is a cancer that forms in the tissues of the skin. The following are considered skin cancers:

- Basal cell carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma of the skin
- Melanoma in situ

- Melanoma that is diagnosed as
  - Clark’s Level I or II,
  - Breslow depth less than 0.77mm, or
  - Stage 1A melanomas under TNM Staging

These conditions are not payable under the Cancer (internal or invasive) Benefit.
Breslow Level is a standard way of summarizing how far a Cancer has spread by measuring the actual thickness (depth) of a melanoma in millimeters in the resected pathological specimen.

Clark’s Level is a standard way of summarizing how far a Cancer has spread by describing how deeply a melanoma has penetrated into the skin layers in the pathological specimen instead of actually measuring it.

TNM Staging is a system is based on the size and/or extent (reach) of the primary tumor (T), the amount of spread to nearby lymph nodes (N), and the presence of metastasis (M) or secondary tumors formed by the spread of cancer cells to other parts of the body.

Cancer, non-invasive cancer, or skin cancer must be diagnosed in one of two ways:

1. Pathological Diagnosis is a diagnosis based on a microscopic study of fixed tissue or preparations from the hemic (blood) system. This diagnosis must be made by a certified pathologist and conform to the American Board of Pathology standards.

2. Clinical Diagnosis is based only on the study of symptoms. A clinical diagnosis will be accepted only if:
   - A doctor cannot make a pathological diagnosis because it is medically inappropriate or life-threatening.
   - Medical evidence exists to support the diagnosis, and
   - A doctor is treating you for cancer or carcinoma in situ.

Complete Remission is defined as having no symptoms and no signs that can be identified to indicate the presence of cancer.

Coronary Artery Bypass Surgery means open heart surgery to correct the narrowing or blockage of one or more coronary arteries with bypass grafts and where such narrowing or blockage is attributed to coronary artery disease or acute coronary syndrome. This excludes any non-surgical procedure, such as, but not limited to, balloon angioplasty, laser relief, or stents.

Critical Illness is a disease or a sickness as defined in the plan that first manifests while your coverage is in force.

Date of Diagnosis is defined as follows:
- Bone Marrow Transplant (Stem Cell Transplant): The date the surgery occurs.
- Cancer: The day tissue specimens, blood samples, or titer(s) are taken (diagnosis of cancer and/or carcinoma in situ is based on such specimens).
- Coronary Artery Bypass Surgery: The date the surgery occurs.
- Heart Attack (Myocardial Infarction): The date the infarction (death) of a portion of the heart muscle occurs. This is based on the criteria listed under the heart attack (myocardial Infarction) definition.
- Kidney Failure (End-Stage Renal Failure): The date a doctor recommends that an insured begin renal dialysis.
- Major Organ Transplant: The date the surgery occurs.
- Non-Invasive Cancer: The day tissue specimens, blood samples, or titer(s) are taken (diagnosis of skin Cancer: The date the skin biopsy samples are taken for microscopic examination.
- Stroke: The date the stroke occurs (based on documented neurological deficits and neuroimaging studies).
- Sudden Cardiac Arrest: The date the pumping action of the heart fails (based on the sudden cardiac arrest definition).

Dependent means your spouse or your dependent child. Spouse is your legal wife or husband, who is listed on your application. Dependent children are you or your spouse’s natural children, step-children, legally adopted children, or children placed for adoption, who are younger than age 26. Newborn children are automatically covered from the moment of birth.

There is an exception to the age-26 limit listed above. This limit will not apply to any dependent child who is incapable of self-sustaining employment due to intellectual or physical disability and is dependent on a parent for support. The employee or the employee’s spouse must furnish proof of this incapacity and dependency to the company within 31 days following the dependent child’s 26th birthday.

Diagnosis (Diagnosed) refers to the definitive and certain identification of an illness or disease that:
- Is made by a doctor and is based on clinical or laboratory investigations, as supported by your medical records.
- Doctor is a person who is:
  - Legally qualified to practice medicine,
  - Licensed as a doctor by the state where treatment is received, and
  - A doctor does not include you or any of your family members.

For the purposes of this definition, family member includes your spouse as well as the following members of your immediate family:
- Son
- Daughter
- Mother
- Father
- Sister
- Brother

This includes step-family members and family-members-in-law.

Employee is a person who meets eligibility requirements and who is covered under the plan. The employee is the primary insured under the plan.

Heart Attack (Myocardial Infarction) is the death of a portion of the heart muscle (myocardium) caused by a blockage of one or more coronary arteries due to coronary artery disease or acute coronary syndrome.

Heart Attack (Myocardial Infarction) does not include:
- Any other disease or injury involving the cardiovascular system.

Diagnosis of a Heart Attack (Myocardial Infarction) must include the following:
- Cardiac arrest not caused by a heart attack (myocardial infarction).
• New and serial electrocardiographic (ECG) findings consistent with heart attack (myocardial infarction), and

Elevation of cardiac enzymes above generally accepted laboratory levels of normal. (In the case of creatine phosphokinase (CPK) a CPK-MB measurement must be used.)

Confirmatory imaging studies, such as thallium scans, MUGA scans, or stress echocardiograms may also be used.

Kidney Failure (End-Stage Renal Failure) means end-stage renal failure caused by end-stage renal disease, which results in the chronic, irreversible failure of both kidneys to function.

Kidney Failure (End-Stage Renal Failure) is covered only under the following conditions:

• A doctor advises that regular renal dialysis, hemo-dialysis, or peritoneal dialysis (at least weekly) is necessary to treat the kidney failure (end-stage renal failure); or

• The kidney failure (end-stage renal failure) results in kidney transplantation.

Maintenance Drug Therapy is a course of systemic medication given to a patient after a cancer goes into complete remission because of primary treatment. Maintenance Drug Therapy includes ongoing hormonal therapy, immunotherapy, or chemo-prevention therapy. Maintenance Drug Therapy is meant to decrease the risk of cancer recurrence; it is not meant to treat a cancer that is still present.

Major Organ Transplant means undergoing surgery as a recipient of a covered transplant of a human heart, lung, liver, kidney, or pancreas. A transplant must be caused by one or more of the following diseases:

• Bronchiectasis
• Cardiomyopathy
• Cirrhosis
• Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
• Congenital Heart Disease
• Coronary Artery Disease
• Cystic fibrosis

A Major Organ Transplant benefit is not payable if the major organ transplant results from a covered critical illness for which a benefit has been paid.

Pathologist is a doctor who is licensed:

• To practice medicine, and

• By the American Board of Pathology to practice pathologic anatomy.

A Pathologist also includes an Osteopathic Pathologist who is certified by the Osteopathic Board of Pathology.

Signs and/or symptoms are the evidence of disease or physical disturbance observed by a doctor or other medical professional. The doctor (or other medical professional) must observe these signs while acting within the scope of his license.

Stroke means apoplexy due to rupture or acute occlusion of a cerebral artery. The apoplexy must cause complete or partial loss of function involving the motion or sensation of a part of the body and must last more than 24 hours. Stroke must be either:

• Ischemic: Due to advanced arteriosclerosis or arteriosclerosis of the arteries of the neck or brain, or vascular embolism, or

• Hemorrhagic: Due to uncontrolled hypertension, malignant hypertension, brain aneurysm, or arteriovenous malformation.

The stroke must be positively diagnosed by a doctor based upon documented neurological deficits and confirmatory neuroimaging studies.

Stroke does not include:

• Transient Ischemic Attacks (TIAs)
• Head injury
• Chronic cerebrovascular insufficiency

Stroke will be covered only if the Insured submits evidence of the neurological damage by providing:

• Computed Axial Tomography (CAT scan) images, or

• Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI).

Sudden Cardiac Arrest is the sudden, unexpected loss of heart function in which the heart, abruptly and without warning, stops working as a result of an internal electrical system heart malfunction due to coronary artery disease, cardiomyopathy, or hypertension.

Sudden Cardiac Arrest is not a heart attack (myocardial infarction). A sudden cardiac arrest benefit is not payable if the sudden cardiac arrest is caused by or contributed to by a heart attack (myocardial infarction).

Total Disability or Totally Disabled means you are:

• Under the care of a doctor for the treatment of a covered critical illness, and

• Unable to Work, which means either:
  – During the first 365 days of total disability, you are unable to work at the occupation you were performing when your total disability began; or
  – After the first 365 days of total disability, you are unable to work at any gainful occupation for which you are suited by education, training, or experience.

Treatment or Medical Treatment is the consultation, care, or services provided by a doctor. This includes receiving any diagnostic measures and taking prescribed drugs and medicines.

Treatment-Free From Cancer refers to the period of time without the consultation, care, or services provided by a doctor. This includes receiving diagnostic measures and taking prescribed drugs and medicines.

Treatment does not include maintenance drug therapy or routine follow-up visits to verify whether cancer or carcinoma in situ has returned.
YOU MAY CONTINUE YOUR COVERAGE
Your coverage may be continued with certain stipulations. See certificate for details.

TERMINATION OF COVERAGE
Your insurance may terminate when the plan is terminated; the 31st day after the premium due date if the premium has not been paid; or the date you no longer belong to an eligible class. If your coverage terminates, we will provide benefits for valid claims that arose while your coverage was in force.

NOTICES

If this coverage will replace any existing individual policy, please be aware that it may be in your best interest to maintain your individual guaranteed-renewable policy.

Continental American Insurance Company is not aware of whether you receive benefits from Medicare, Medicaid, or a state variation. If you or a dependent are subject to Medicare, Medicaid, or a state variation, any and all benefits under the plan could be assigned. This means that you may not receive any of the benefits outlined in the plan. Please check the coverage in all health insurance plans you already have or may have before you purchase the insurance outlined in this summary to verify the absence of any assignments or liens.

Notice to Consumer: The coverages provided by Continental American Insurance Company (CAIC) represent supplemental benefits only. They do not constitute comprehensive health insurance coverage and do not satisfy the requirement of minimum essential coverage under the Affordable Care Act. CAIC coverage is not intended to replace or be issued in lieu of major medical coverage. It is designed to supplement a major medical program.
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